The Chicago Tribune.

VOL. 24. CHICAGO, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 5, 1870. NO. 127.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

$125 WILL BUY THE LEASE, STOCK, AND

$150 WILL BUY THE LEASE, STOCK, AND

$250 WILL BUY THE HALF INTEREST OF A

$1,800 WILL PURCHASE ONE OF THE

FINANCIAL.

$3,000, AND $1,000 TO LOAN FOR

$13,000 TO LOAN ON GOOD MORTGAGE

$11,000 TO LOAN ON INSIDE REAL ES-

LOST AND FOUND.

$20 REWARD—WILL BE GIVEN TO THE

$25 REWARD—LOST FROM IS MICHIGAN-

CLAIRVOYANTS.

PERSONAL.

FOREIGN.

The Franco-German War.

The Armistice Duly Signed by the French and German Representatives.

The French Constituent Assembly to Meet on the 15th Inst.

Detailed Account of the Late Riotous Proceedings in Paris.

Disorders in the South of France.

Fears of a General Rising of the "Reds."

England Withdraws Her Opposition to the Cession of French Territory to Germany.

PEACE PROSPECTS.

THE ARMISTICE.

LONDON, Nov. 4.—The conclusion of the armistice was first received by the Rothschilds. ...

GERMANY.

GREAT BRITAIN.

FRANCE.

SPAIN.

RUSSIA.

BELGIUM.

AUSTRIA.

ITALY.

INDIANA.

Annual Meeting of the Grand Division, Sons of Temperance.

POLITICAL.

The Fight in the Kane Senatorial District.

THE WEST.

NEW YORK.

Continued Decline in the Gold Premium.

Tone of the Other Markets.

Special Despatch to The Chicago Tribune.

MICHIGAN.

The Vanderpool Trial—More Testimony for the Defence.

LOUISIANA.

Political Processions Prohibited in New Orleans—Personal—Trade of the Crescent City.

OHIO.

Railroad Consolidation—The Mansfield, Coldwater & Lake Michigan Railroad Project—Personal.

State Convention of Young Men's Christian Associations at Cincinnati.

The Bridge Question in Cincinnati.

WASHINGTON.

PACIFIC COAST.

VIRGINIA.

TENNESSEE.

Reward Offered for Murderers.

IOWA.

Death of a Legislator—Supposed Escaped Convict Released.

MINNESOTA.

Minneapolis Money Lenders Swindled by a Noted Forger—Burglary at Faribault.

Death from Strangulation.

Woman's Rights and the Fashions—A Rebuke from "Sojourner Truth."

ERIE LAW.

The Live Stock Markets.

Southern Cotton Markets.

Pittsburgh Oil Market.

Suicide.

PERSONAL.

BOHN'S LIBRARIES.

Reduction in Prices.

THE WESTERN NEWS COMPANY, Booksellers, Stationers & News Dealers, 121 and 123 State-st., Have determined to offer the entire series of Bohn Libraries, containing the cream of English Literature, and the best works of all languages translated into English, at a REDUCTION Of 30 Per Cent.

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ASTRACHAN BEAVERS, FUR BEAVERS, ELYSIAN BEAVERS, WHITNEY BEAVERS, DIAGONAL BEAVERS, ELBEUF BEAVERS, ENGLISH BEAVERS.

ELY, Importer of Fine Woollens for gentlemen's wear, Chicago.

ONE WORD MORE.

ESTABLISHED IN 1854.

THE EMPORIUM FOR YOUTHS', BOYS', AND Children's CLOTHING! AT THE NEW CLOTHING HOUSE, 70 Madison-st. 70

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PIANOS.

KIMBALL'S PIANO DEPOT, 63 Washington-st. OPERA HOUSE.

THE NORTHWESTERN PIANO CLUB

PRINTING.

Political Notice! Rand, McNally & Co., Printers & Stationers, 51 Clark-st.

GENERAL NOTICES.

CALL AND SEE THE GREAT NORWEGIAN GIANT, LARS TOLLEFSEN, 53 Milwaukee-av., The Giant's Home.

INFORMATION WANTED.

Garden City Riding Gallery.

Piano and Singing Lessons.

THE CREDITORS

PHOTOGRAPHERS.

MASONIC NOTICES.

Masonic.

MASS MEETING.

GRAND MASS MEETING!!

A GRAND MASS MEETING OF THE Workingmen OF CHICAGO, To Ratify the Nominations OF THE LABOR REFORM PARTY, WILL BE HELD AT THE North Door of the Court House, ON Monday Even'g, Nov. 7. The Meeting will be addressed by HON. JOHN WENTWORTH, AND OTHER ABLE SPEAKERS.

HATS.

Gents', Youths', and Children's HATS! Of superior quality and fashion, at BISHOP & BARNES', Fashionable Hatters, 115 Lake-st.

HATS AND FURS.

HATS. FURS. BARNES, STRYKER & BARNES Cor. Washington and Clark.

AUCTION SALES.

Auction Sale of TWELVE BUILDING LOTS, BY WM. A. BUTTERS & CO., On Monday, Nov. 7, at 2 1-2 p. m.

GENTS' UNDERWEAR.

Undershirts AND DRAWERS At Extraordinary Low Prices.

HEAVY HARDWARE.

TO COUNTRY MERCHANTS. Barn-Door Rail, LAKE SHORE IRON WORKS.

OYSTERS.

OYSTERS! OYSTERS!

FINANCIAL.

MONEY TO TURN CORNERS

$10,000 to Loan

FURNITURE.

Thayer & Tobey FURNITURE COMPANY. Furniture, &c.

BEDDING, MIRRORS, AND DRAPERY,

WAREROOMS, 77, 79, and 81 State-st. FACTORY, 86, 88, 90 & 92 West Randolph-st., CHICAGO. Thayer & Tobey Furniture Co.

FURNITURE, BEDDING, WINDOW SHADES, Curtains, BLANKETS. Don't buy till you have seen our Goods and prices. JAMES BURHAM & CO., 110 Lake-st.

POLITICAL. TO MR. WM. B. BATEHAM.

DEMOCRATIC CENTRAL COMMITTEE. ST. CLAIR SUTHERLAND, Chairman.

THREAD.

J. & P. COATS' BEST SIX-CORD ... SIX-CORD IN ALL NUMBERS, For Hand and Machine. JOHN & HUGH AUCHINCLOSS,

ELECTION NOTICE.

ELECTION NOTICE.

BANKING.

TWENTY-SECOND-ST. BANK. Messrs. Jacob R. Shipherd & Co., 155 & 157 LaSalle-st., On or About December 1.

SAVINGS BANK.

SCALES.

FORSYTH'S U. S. STANDARD SCALES

FAIRBANKS' STANDARD SCALES

POULTRY EXHIBITION.

GRAND POULTRY EXHIBITION OF THE Northwestern Poultry Association,

PROPOSALS.

SEALED PROPOSALS.

PLASTERING. IT IS GET Too Late BUT NEVER

PREP Plastering Board, Which makes a WARM, CHEAP, SMOOTH, and DURABLE Wall, and may be applied at any season of the year, and BY ANY ONE. ROCK RIVER PAPER CO., 13 LaSalle-st., Chicago.

MACHINERY.

ENGINES, TOOLS, MACHINERY, &C. FOR SALE AT THE NOVELTY IRON WORKS, Foot of East Twelfth-st., N. Y. JNO. S. SCHULTZE,

LECTURES.

IMPORTANT TO LECTURE COMMITTEES. The American Literary Bureau

CHICAGO SHOT TOWER.

CHICAGO SHOT TOWER CO. DROP AND BUCK SHOT. E. W. BLATCHFORD & CO. LEAD PIPE & SHEET LEAD, Bar & Pig Lead, LINSEED OIL. GROUND OIL CAKE.

ORGANS. THE OLDEST, AND LARGEST AND MOST PERFECT MANUFACTORY in the UNITED STATES. 45,000 NOW IN USE! PRICES REDUCED GEO. A. PRINCE & CO.'S ORGANS & MELODEONS

DISSOLUTION NOTICES.

DISSOLUTION AND Copartnership Notice.

DISSOLUTION.

DISSOLUTION.

DISSOLUTION.

CONVICT LABOR.

CONVICT LABOR TO LET.

EXCURSIONS.

EXCURSION TO MILWAUKEE. SHEBOYGAN.

REAL ESTATE.

KANSAS FARMS.

The Chicago Tribune.

[illegible]

TRIBUNE COMPANY, Chicago, Ill.

SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 5, 1870.

REPUBLICAN CANVASS.

Appointments of Speakers.

The following are officially announced by the State Central Committee:

[illegible]

Gen. JOHN A. LOGAN, candidate for Congressman at Large, will speak as follows:

[illegible]

General Logan will speak only as announced by this committee.

General E. N. BATES, State Treasurer, will speak as follows:

[illegible]

A WORD TO TAX-PAYERS.

The election now pending is for a Representative in Congress, where $400,000,000 in taxes are levied, and where the money raised by taxation is appropriated. The duties of a Representative, if honestly and faithfully performed, are of the most important character. The direct and indirect taxes are equal to $25 per head of his constituents. In the body which has exclusive and absolute power over this question, the Representative may be of valuable service, or he may be injurious and dangerous to the people he represents. Having this unlimited discretion to tax, and the equally unlimited power to expend, the sessions of Congress are attended by an immense lobby, demanding everything under the sun that they ought not to have, pushing through all kinds of cunningly devised bills to swindle the people—subsidies, grants, contracts, patent extensions, etc. The chief value of a Representative consists in the firmness with which he can resist, defy, and expose this lobby; unmask its schemes, exhibit its robberies, and inform the public of the object of its plundering measures. The people of this city and county know John Wentworth, and they know that he has never yielded to a lobby or participated in its profits, has never consented to any scheme to plunder the public, has never permitted any extravagance or waste in the expenditure of public money, and has cut down to the lowest possible mark.

When he was Mayor of this city, he resolutely and successfully opposed every "job" attempted by the outsiders; he broke up the long-established ring that was plundering the public in the matter of special assessments. He curtailed every useless expenditure, and thereby reduced taxation. As Police Commissioner, and as a member of the Board of Education, he has been the inexorable champion of strict responsibility and the most rigid economy. If he has been thrifty in his own affairs, he has been equally so in the affairs of the public, permitting never a dollar to be raised by taxation, except for indispensable purposes, and permitting not a dollar to be expended that could possibly be saved.

There are two Committees at Washington—one having charge of the bills for raising revenue, and the other having charge of bills appropriating the public money. No better illustration of the character of the two men running for Congress in this district can be given than to fancy them both to be members of this last Committee, with the [illegible] demands [illegible] for special [illegible] What has been Mr. Farwell's experience? There has hardly been a job, or contract for the expenditure of any large sum of money by this city or county for many years, which has not been favored by him, or in which he has not been, directly or indirectly, a partner. If he were on the Committee of Appropriations, which way would his influence lead him? The very first man who bring a smile to the [illegible] Cook County politics has been familiar [illegible] past fifteen years. One of the latest of Mr. Farwell's achievements was the letting of the contract for the new Court House. We affirm, without the fear of contradiction: First, that C. B. Farwell, being then Chairman of the Board of Supervisors, let the Bass & Chapman contract for the new Court House; second, that he alone did it; third, that he did it without the authority of the Board of Supervisors; fourth, that the foundation was laid in the interim between two quarterly meetings of the board, so that the county was practically committed to the work before it had taken any formal action upon it; fifth, that the east wing alone has cost the county, up to the present time, nearly two hundred thousand dollars; sixth, that the roof tumbled in, and the larger part of the interior had to be rebuilt to prevent that also from tumbling in. We submit to the tax-payers whether the chief actor in this transaction is the sort of man they want to represent them on the Committee of Appropriations, or any other committee of Congress. We ask them whether they ever heard anything like this concerning Mr. Wentworth. Has not his record, always and everywhere, been that of inflexible, and even fanatical, opposition to extravagance and jobbery in the expenditure of public funds? Ask any old resident of the city, who has been familiar with its past history, and he will say Yes, most emphatically and decidedly.

It is a serious business that the people of Cook County will have in hand next Tuesday—perhaps the most serious they have ever had. It is not to be decided by means of the quasi-ballots and old wadding of past battles, where different issues and other candidates were in the field. And we say here, as a sufficient answer to the clatter of the Evening Post, that THE TRIBUNE never believed, and never believed, that John Wentworth was a worse man than C. B. Farwell. We regard the latter as by far the most dangerous person to the public weal that ever had any political prominence in this community. We repeat, without dissimulation, what we said before the late convention was held, that he is the natural and acknowledged chief of a class whom the public have abundant reason to distrust. The Post knows this just as fully as we do, and we regret that it should cease to suggest for an instant that anything which anybody ever alleged against John Wentworth justifies it in lending the influence to put any more public funds in the hands of C. B. Farwell and the class who belong to him.

THE ARMISTICE.

[illegible]

Jail, or will she put on the vigor of renewed youth, and come forth stronger, and fairer than ever from her baptism of fire and blood?

A "REGULAR NOMINATION."

Mr. Charles B. Farwell, a few years ago, supported C. H. McCormick for Congress, and now asks for his right and left bowers the two relicts of Andrew Johnson—Leonard Swett and General Mann. These are the present advocates of the duty of sustaining regular nominations. Let us analyze what is called a "regular nomination." As it very frequently operates, it may be termed as an illegal, unconstitutional, and corrupt conspiracy to cheat the great mass of the voters out of any opportunity to exercise any influence in political affairs. In the first place, the whole system of primary nominations is beyond the pale of law, and any amount of bribery, corruption, ballot-stuffing, and fraud, may be perpetrated in the primaries and in the convention, without incurring any criminal or other responsibility. Yet, it is just here that bribery and fraud are most effectual; for, unless the people exercise their independent rights as voters, the legal polls are in most cases a place where the voters ratify the choice which has already been made for them in a fraudulent convention. What is the use of surrounding the casting of the ballot at the polls with every safeguard, if the convention is really to determine for whom everybody shall vote, and if money elected the delegates to the convention? If in the scrimmage at the primaries one may stuff in fictitious ballots, another may count votes that were never cast, and a third may vote ten times in the primaries without ever having cast a Republican ballot in his life, and yet none of them violate any law or incur any penalty, what can be the sacredness of an institution which the law refuses to sanction or cleanse, and which tends so irresistibly toward bribery? We deny, out and out, that party conventions can be kept pure or within the bounds of decency except by teaching them, whenever they nominate a bad candidate that they cannot elect him. We deny in toto that honest Republicans are bound to vote for any unfit person, merely because some convention has been manipulated and bought up to nominate him. The way to preserve the Republican party from becoming utterly rotten and debauched is to compel it to nominate good men, by honest means.

THE COLORED MEN OF CHICAGO.

Our colored fellow-citizens vote for the first time, at a general election, in Chicago, on Tuesday next, and it is to be hoped that they will prove themselves worthy of being trusted with this right of self-government. Whether they are hereafter to be respected as a body of men who understand and will exercise their rights as incorruptible part of the body politic, or whether they are a mere faction, to be handed to the selfish purposes of any man who can bid the highest for their suffrages, depends upon the start they make as voting citizens. They can have hereafter their fair share of influence in the politics of this city, if they show now that they are entitled to respect as upright and incorruptible men; or they can show, at the very outset, that they are entitled only to be considered as mere tools, whom none will despise more than they who use them. Their interest in good government is no less than ours; their interest in being represented by men who are trustworthy is the same as ours; their interest in legislation for the good of the people, and not to subserve selfish and corrupt purposes, is quite as great as ours. Let them see to it that, in making a start in political life, they remember this, and that, if they do not remember it, they will be in the future more politically dead, so far as any wholesome or independent influence in the affairs of this city is concerned, than they ever were in the past, when the right to vote was denied them. To no other class of citizens is the result of the ensuing election of more importance than to them. Their action in it, from the nature of the case, will show how far hereafter they may be counted upon as a power to be respected and considered in the political affairs of this city, or whether good men shall look upon them as only a new addition to the crowd of bummers and tax thieves, whose political power is worth nothing to them but the price of votes. We have great confidence in their self-respect and in the [illegible] word of counsel and [illegible] the occasion is one [illegible] to them than to those who [illegible] the right of suffrage [illegible] and because, in the heat [illegible] some of them may thoughtlessly [illegible] seriously their future political influence [illegible] by the way in which they now exercise it the first time.

Twenty-four hours have elapsed since we called the attention of Mr. C. Beckwith, Mr. C. B. Farwell, and the Evening Post, to the fact that the reconveyance by quit-claim deed, of the Douglas estate from C. B. Farwell to Robert M. Douglas, although dated on the 27th of July last, was not recorded until the 19th of October, a day or two before Mr. Farwell's nomination for Congress. We took occasion to ask the parties one or two questions; and, as they have not been answered, we shall take leave to repeat them. They are these: 1. If Mr. C. B. Farwell obtained the property for "one dollar," and re-conveyed it a few days ago for "one dollar," what is to prevent him from obtaining it again, after the election, for "one dollar," and then going on "compromising" with the owners and occupants of the lots? 2. If Mr. Farwell had no interest in the property (as Mr. Beckwith says), but was merely acting as a stakeholder between the Douglas heirs and the inhabitants of the Fifth Ward of Chicago, as a matter of charity and good conscience, why was it necessary for him to let go so suddenly on the 19th of October?

We will add a third interrogatory: If Mr. Farwell had no interest in the property (as Mr. C. Beckwith affirms), why is he not liable to indictment, under the statute, to-wit:

"If any person shall officiously intermeddle in any suit at common law or in chancery, that in no wise belongs to or concerns such person, by maintaining, or assisting either party, with money or otherwise, to prosecute or defend such suit, with a view to promote litigation, every such person so offending shall be deemed to have committed the crime of maintenance, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined and punished as in cases of common barratry."

There is strange to say, nothing so demoralizing to the old barnacle tribe as the conduct of the City Treasurer, who has actually paid into the Treasury $45,000, and promises to pay in as much more this year for interest on the city deposits. This proceeding is regarded as particularly odious after these gentlemen had decided that it could not be done. That the thing has been done is to them both disgusting and unconstitutional. Last year the city, with a million of dollars on hand, paid $30,000 for interest on temporary loans, and received no interest for the use of its money. This year it receives $90,000 for interest, and has paid nothing for its temporary loans. This practical repudiation of the old way of doing business fills them with dismay. The old system was introduced and established far back in the days when C. B. Farwell was County Clerk, and handsome fat city and county officers. No wonder the barnacles resisted the change, and denounced it, by learned arguments, that the very thing could not be done which the new Treasurer has actually done.

The present editors of the Post and Republican are new-comers in Chicago. John Wentworth has not been a candidate for any elective office since either of them came to this city, and they know nothing of his strength or of his opponent's weakness before the people, whether would [illegible]

[illegible]

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able biographical material should be donated to the Historical Society, for the delectation of book-worms in the distant future. For the present generation it has no more interest than a last year's almanac.

One chief reason why Wentworth is so heartily hated and savagely assailed by Farwell and his bummers, is that he was Chairman, last fall, of the Citizens' Campaign Committee, and conducted a vigorous and successful campaign against the barnacles, led by Farwell & Co. They have not forgiven him, and, as he expresses it, "They are around, with their branding-irons, to mark him, and all those who were conspicuous in that contest. He tells them to bring on their irons. They could have committed no greater blunder than to conduct their campaign on the issue of revenge and proscription. If they were not extremely silly, they would not overlook the fact that 12,000 other Republicans beside Mr. Wentworth were engaged in the citizens' movement last fall. The attempt to punish, brand, or ostracise any Republican for the part he took in that movement cannot fail to be resented by every man who voted that ticket.

If John Wentworth is elected to Congress, he will, without doubt, be placed on the Appropriation Committee, where his voice and influence will be exerted on the side of retrenchment in expenditures, and where he will be able to defeat profligate and prodigal appropriations to the amount of many millions.

If Farwell is elected to Congress, he will seek a place on the Committee on Claims against the government, where he can help his friends, with or without consideration, to deplete the Treasury of untold millions. That is just the difference in the bent of mind of the two men. A man cannot change his nature by merely going to Congress. In Washington Farwell will be the same kind of a barnacle he is in Chicago, and Wentworth will be an anti-barnacle, opposing, as he has always done, all rings, steals, and devices to rob the tax-payers. He will be hated by the lobby vultures there as cordially as he is by contractors and ward bummers here.

THE ELECTION IN NEW YORK.

Judges Woodruff and Benedict, of the United States Circuit and District Courts, respectively, sitting together on the trial of Terence Quinn, for "fraudulent registration," under the recent act of Congress, have sentenced the prisoner to two years in the Albany Penitentiary. How far the curiosity of Tammany Hall, as to the constitutionality of the act, may be appeased by the decision, remains to be seen. Judge Woodruff is one of the oldest Judges in New York city, having long been a member of the courts of the city, and State before his appointment to the United States Circuit. He has the utmost confidence of that community, and of the country, in his judicial character, and his sentence upon Quinn will set the rank and file of the ballot-stuffers to thinking.

Still, Tammany is wise and not easily circumvented. The Tammany leaders have ushered in all their thieves, pimps, burglars, pickpockets, and common criminals; and, by some confederation with the class of Republican ward bummers they have in New York, have palmed them off upon Marshal Sharpe and Judge Woodruff as fit persons for appointment as Deputy Marshals. Having their records all in hand, no sooner are they appointed than the World forthwith proclaims them as "Radical pets," "Marshal Sharpe's Deputies," &c. The following is a sample of the World's lists:

[illegible]

By whatever influence such appointments have been made, they are a fearful blunder. The World charges them upon Collector Murphy and "Charley Spencer," and alleges that the "respectable" list furnished by the Tammany leaders was rejected. However this may be, no truth in mathematical science is better known than that the whole criminal population of New York has, for years, confederated with Tammany, and in many of the precincts in which the criminal classes preponderate, only one or two per cent of the whole vote is Republican. We judge that the Republican leaders have been imposed upon, because they knew the criminal class so imperfectly. If Charley Spencer, the Tombs shyster, has advised these appointments, he has done it, not as a Republican, but as the tool of Tammany, for which business he is well fitted, as no person knows the criminal population of New York so well as he, or is more completely on a level with it in character. President Grant would do well to investigate whether Collector Murphy is in complicity with these disgraceful and slandering appointments or not. If he is, he ought to be instantly removed.

A very considerable riot occurred in the Fifth Ward of Brooklyn on Thursday, in consequence of the theory entertained by some of the distillers of that city, that the Government of the United States, as an institution, is subordinate to the Whiskey ring—a theory not confined to New York. This theory, no doubt, seemed as plausible to them as the old States' rights theory did to the original nullifiers, and their posterity, the secessionists. Several thousand angry members of the whiskey corps tried the virtue of brickbats, paving stones, clubs, and pistols against the bayonets of the United States Marine Corps, and in each instance retired from the bayonets as soon as they "saw the point" of the argument. We do not believe any logic was ever yet conceived which gave so clear a conviction of the supremacy of the national authority over all others, or the force and point of which are so visible and effective as the bayonet. If the national authorities in New York do their whole duty on election day, it will ever be known on Manhattan Island, on the day after, that the preference felt by the founders of our government for the system of allowing one man to vote once, instead of twenty times, had a certain foundation in natural justice, however absurd it has heretofore seemed to some who are newly landed on our shores.

THE NORTHWEST.

ILLINOIS.

[illegible]

IOWA.

By the laws of Iowa no quails can be shot before 1873.

—At Wyoming, Jones County, Madame [illegible], the gymnast with Older's Circus, had her shoulder dislocated by a fall from her horse [illegible]

—Judge J. C. Polley, of DeWitt, is to remove to Chicago. Judge Polley was selected by the last General Assembly as one of the Commissioners to revise the statutes of Iowa.

INDIANA.

[illegible]

—A son of ex-Sheriff John M. Duckworth, of Posey County, was instantly killed last Tuesday, at the forks of Big Creek, on the line of the Evansville & Cairo Railroad. [illegible]

—The New Albany Ledger says:

[illegible]

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a believed, were led on by him to the attack upon Bartlett. They [illegible]

[illegible]

MICHIGAN.

The following is given as a truthful statement of the "subsequent proceedings" in a Michigan divorce case: "The wife chopped a good wash to pieces, entirely ruining it; split open 100 eavetroughs, and burned up 10,000 shingles which her husband had made. The latter, not to be outdone, smashed up a stove and took off a trunk which the wife claims had money of hers in it, and she has now got him into jail on a charge of larceny, and is mistress of all she surveys, which, at present, isn't much."

MINNESOTA.

The Minneapolis Tribune, of the 30th, says:

"Another important section of the railroad lines of Minnesota has been finished by the opening of the St. Paul & Chicago Railroad to Red Wing. [illegible]"

OHIO.

The Ravenna Democrat contains a report of a suit for damages occasioned by the removal of a body from one part of the village cemetery of Aurora to another. In the course of the trial, one of the witnesses for the defense is reported as testifying, verbatim, as follows: "Mrs. McConick's present grave is better than the former, and as respectable people are there as in any part of the ground."

THE TERRITORIES.

Denver has five shade trees to every inhabitant.

—A Mormon, of Salt Lake City, has invented a novel apparatus for killing grasshoppers by steam. The machine is very small, and can be attached to the waist of the operator, who plays upon the grasshoppers with the steam, which is ejected from a flexible tube attached to the generator.

MISCELLANEOUS.

A dying Georgian has directed an old well to be used as his grave.

—Base ball has killed twenty-five persons during the past season.

—For the first time in thirty-five years, the New Haven, Conn., jail is without a female prisoner.

—Virginia has voted to furnish wooden legs to maimed Confederate soldiers.

—Louisville has a monkey that drinks cocktails.

—"If there is anything," says the New York Commercial, "which could reconcile us to the calamity which has befallen poor France, it is the knowledge that the manufacture of chignons has been almost wholly ceased."

—An Episcopal clergyman is being hunted in Massachusetts for officiating at a wedding in the Unitarian church.

—"Century" whiskey, six weeks old, is the popular drink in South Carolina.

—A mouse walking across Wall street on a telegraph wire was sufficient to attract a crowd of brokers recently, who cheered the plucky little biped.

—In the Second Regiment of Landwehr recently the fathers of [illegible] this regiment distinguished itself at the siege of Strasbourg. It must be remembered that a Prussian regiment numbers over 3,000 men.

—In Cambridge University, England, the best salaried chair is that of the Regius Professorship of Divinity, worth over $14,000 a year. The poorest salaried places is the Professorship of Arabic, worth $500 per year. [illegible]

—Some one with a passion for calculation says the purple vestments of the singers in King Solomon's Temple cost $100,000, the trumpets and other musical instruments, [illegible]

—Speaking of the New York College for Women, the Sun says: [illegible]

—A wealthy hypochondriac of New Orleans, who believed that his earthly house was as brittle as glass, and that he ran in constant danger of [illegible] was cured of the conceit a few days since, by the kindness of two medical students, who followed him about from place to place, and who hearing him scream [illegible] picking up the pieces for dissection.

—A funny incident occurred at a New York wedding the other day. A pet Skye terrier, belonging to the bride, [illegible] his church after the party. He remained very quiet till the end of the service, but, on the post-ceremonial kiss being administered, it [illegible] on injury, so he attacked the unfortunate groom. Barks, yelps, screams, expletives. Tableau.

—English sailors, in consequence of the loss of the iron-clad Captain, are, it is reported, refusing to ship on board the turret ship Cerberus, of 4,000 horse-power, for the purpose of navigating the vessel out to Australia, where she is to be delivered to the Colonial Government. The sailors openly express their opinion that the Cerberus will sink like the Captain; but it is asserted that no danger will be encountered, since the Board of Admiralty has temporarily converted the Cerberus into an ordinary ship, by giving her an additional deck, and fitting her with temporary bulwarks.

—Dijon, the capture of which by the Germans is announced as having occurred on Sunday last, is one of the most important strategic points of Eastern France. Its occupation turns the French positions in the Southern Vosges, and will compel the evacuation of all unfortified cities along the railways through the passes of those mountains. Garibaldi has been attempting to hold these points, but his force is wholly inadequate for the purpose. The German army at Dijon also interposes between Tours and Lyons, and threatens Bourges. The captured city is at the head of the broadest and most beautiful valley of Eastern France—that of the Saone and Rhone, in which are situated Lyons, Valence, Avignon, and Marseilles. It is distant but 100 miles from Lyons, and 200 miles from the Mediterranean Sea.

POLITICAL.

The Pittsburgh Commercial reports that John Covode, of the Sixteenth District of Pennsylvania, and D. J. Morrell, of the Seventeenth District, will contest the Democratic candidates' right to seats in Congress from those districts.

—The Wheeling (W. Va.) Register, a Democratic paper, says the Republican vote in that State did not fall off materially at the election last week; but the Democrats brought out their reserved force and polled a fuller vote than ever before.

—A correspondent of the Cincinnati Commercial nominates Judge David Davis, of the Supreme Court, for President, saying that "He is strong in the West, liked in the South, and unobjectionable in the East, and that his nomination would do more toward holding the Republican party together than that of any other man."

—The Hon. Thomas Davis, one of the Republican candidates for Congress in the Rhode Island First District, has caused to be published a letter written by him in 1858, giving his views in regard to the tariff, to show that he does not belong to the school known as revenue reformers, as charged by Mr. Jencks. Mr. Davis says his views have not changed since the letter was written.

—The following table presents the registry of New York this fall and last fall, in the different wards, together with the population of the wards. It will be seen that, notwithstanding the great political excitement in that city at this time, the registration falls 16,000 short of last fall. The Federal law against repeating and illegal voting has thus cut off 16,000 votes which Tammany expected to get.

Wards.	Pop.	1869.	1870.
First	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Second	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Third	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Fourth	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Fifth	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Sixth	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Seventh	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Eighth	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Ninth	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Tenth	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Eleventh	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Twelfth	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Thirteenth	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Fourteenth	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Fifteenth	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Sixteenth	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Seventeenth	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Eighteenth	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Nineteenth	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Twentieth	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Twenty-first	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Twenty-second	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Totals	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

[illegible]

—The New York Times of the 3d says:

[illegible]

THE LAW COURTS.

Miscellaneous Business Yesterday.

Divorce Fraudulently Obtained.

Supreme Court.

OTTAWA, Ill., Nov. 4.—The following business was transacted in the Illinois Supreme Court to-day:

[illegible]

United States Circuit Court.

[illegible]

United States District Court.

IN BANKRUPTCY.

[illegible]

Circuit Court.

[illegible]

Criminal Court.

[illegible]

County Court.

Estate of Francis C. Kelsenger. Estate declared settled.

Divorce Business.

[illegible]

NOTE PERSONALS.

PALMER HOUSE.

Among the arrivals at this hotel, yesterday, were the following: [illegible]

[illegible]

AMUSEMENTS.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

Mr. Barrett closes his engagement, this evening as McVicker's, with "True as Steel."

Do not forget "The Drummer Boy of Shiloh," this afternoon and evening, at the Opera House.

"Land Rats and Water Rats," for the last time this evening, at the Museum.

"Here She Goes, and There She Goes" will go for the last time, this evening, at the Dearborn. Do not fail to see "The Old Clock" before it runs down.

Mr. Richter's piano solo comes off, this evening, at the Music Hall. He will be assisted by Messrs. Bischoff and Falk, with an admirable programme, which we have already published.

WISCONSIN.

The Political Campaign—The Democrats After the Legislature.

(FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT.)

MADISON, Wis., Nov. 1.

Since the organization of the Republican party we have never had a more quiet political campaign in this State than the present one. There have been no large political gatherings, and very few political meetings,—hardly any till within the last ten days,—and there never was so much apathy shown, or so strong disposition to bolt "regular nominations" by conventions of both parties.

THE LEGISLATURE.

The Democrats are making a desperate effort, which Republicans do not seem fully to appreciate, to secure control of the next Legislature, and to make such an apportionment of Congressional and Legislative Districts as will promote their interests and give them the largest possible number of members hereafter. They are aided by divers self-headed independent candidates, whose "claims" the people failed to recognize, and especially by the new "Temperance party," which in some parts of the State has put up candidates for different offices, from Congressman to Coroner. [illegible]

[illegible]

IN GENERAL.

[illegible]

There are an enormous number of "splits" on county tickets, and some Court-House "rings" and "cliques" of both parties will be handsomely "counted out" after election.

PLAIN.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

THE CELEBRATED MURRAY & LANMAN'S FLORIDA WATER.

The most lasting, agreeable, and refreshing of all perfumes, for use on the Handkerchief, at the Toilet, and in the Bath. For sale by all Druggists and Perfumers.

MONETARY AND COMMERCIAL.

MONETARY.

FRIDAY EVENING, Nov. 4.

There was considerable speculative excitement in the grain markets to-day, owing to the announcement of the armistice between the belligerents in France, which is expected to make a demand for breadstuffs, but otherwise, general business and finances were dull.

Some of the most prominent banks say definitely, that there is a falling off in the demand for money. This is especially the case with country banks, which have been borrowing pretty freely of late, but are now not only ceased to apply, but are sending in a good deal more currency than is going out. The fact that the flow of currency is now from the country toward this city indicates a decline in the movement of produce in the country, and the probability of diminished receipts before long. For demand loans and short time, first-class paper, money is not tight, but bankers are holding back from letting out money for over thirty days. As long as the weather continues unfavorable for packing, there will be no demand from the packers, and the tendency will probably be toward ease.

The supply of produce bills on the market was smaller than yesterday, and exchange was firmer, with sales between banks at par. At the counter, bankers sell at 1-10 premium, and buy at 1-10 discount.

The statement of the associated banks of New York city, on Saturday, October 29, showed that they held specie to the amount of $15,105,403, and the statement of the national debt for November 1 shows that the amount of gold certificates outstanding was $12,666,000. The near approximation of the amounts and the date excludes the presumption that the New York banks hold but very little cash gold, but that, so accounts all the general known, some of gold coin in specie is represented by gold certificates. But the amount of gold certificates in the debt statement is over half a million more than the amount of specie reported by the New York banks, and probably represents a portion of that held by Boston and Philadelphia banks. The total amount of specie reported by all the national banks of New York, Boston and Philadelphia, at their last statement, on October 8, was only $15,126,000. It is well known that other banks throughout the country, exclusive of the Pacific coast, hold scarcely any specie. It is therefore reasonable to presume that the $105,181,073 of coin held by the Treasury represents nearly the whole of the stock of gold in the States and Territories east of the Rocky Mountains. Assayers and others in California, who are in positions to know, estimate that the gold circulation of the Pacific coast states exceeds $15,000,000, and probably, in the present stagnant condition of trade there, it does not exceed $12,000,000, making the total stock of gold from $118,000,000 to $118,000,000.

Even this comparatively small stock of gold is likely to be diminished by the advent of peace in Europe, which will be followed by a large amount of money which has been held in London and partly in New York. The Bank of England has already begun to lose its bullion, and when peace is declared the drain of specie from there to Europe will be large. To stop this, the bank will resort to its usual remedy of raising the rate of discount; that will make money tight in London, and depress the price of United States bonds, which depression will be reflected in a decline in the value of the currency, or, in other words, a rise in the price of gold, concurrent with the drain of gold from this country; and those who are anticipating the speedy decline of gold to 105 or thereabouts, as intimated in our New York despatch of last evening, are likely to be disappointed. It is probable that, three months or so after the signing of a treaty of peace, finances may become so settled that the increased volume of our exports will cause a further decline of gold, just as it did last March; and it is equally probable that, as soon as the exports fall off again, the price of gold will advance again, just as it did during last June and July, when the volume of our exports of products began to diminish.

The lower the price of gold gets, the more speculation opposes its further decline, because everybody knows that it cannot go lower than par, and those who understand the inadequacy of the present amount of coin in the country to resume specie payments, know that it could not remain at par even if it should touch such a quotation.

Heretofore, banks depositing 10-40 bonds with the Treasurer to secure circulation, have by a ruling of the Treasury been allowed only 80 per cent of their face value in circulation. [illegible]

BONDS FOR NATIONAL BANK NOTE SECURITIES.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT, OFFICE OF THE COMPTROLLER OF THE CURRENCY, WASHINGTON, Oct. 31, 1870.

[illegible]

JOHN JAY KNOX, Acting Comptroller.

To WILLIAM F. CANNON, Esq., Cashier First National Bank, Tuscola, Ill.

Approved, GEORGE S. BOUTWELL.

The Acting Comptroller has also addressed the following letter to [illegible]

[illegible]

The following is from a Washington despatch to the Herald:

"The Secretary of the Treasury received a letter to-day from the First National Bank of Albany, [illegible]"

Possibly, when the bonds above mentioned are ready, "Barkis may not be willin'!"

The following is the statement of the public debt November 1, with the items compared with the corresponding items of last month:

DEBT BEARING INTEREST IN COIN.

	October 1.	November 1.
Bonds at 5 per cent	$221,589,300.00	$219,107,600.00
Bonds at 6 per cent	1,739,593,750.00	1,731,688,900.00
Total	$1,961,183,050.00	$1,950,796,500.00
Interest	[illegible]	[illegible]

DEBT BEARING INTEREST IN LAWFUL MONEY.

Certificates at 3 per cent	$45,135,000.00	$45,070,000.00
Navy Pension Fund at 3 per cent	14,000,000.00	14,000,000.00
Total	[illegible]	[illegible]
Interest	[illegible]	[illegible]
Debt on which interest has ceased since maturity	3,437,030.26	3,382,117.26
Interest	[illegible]	[illegible]

DEBT BEARING NO INTEREST.

Demand and legal tender notes	$356,138,571.00	$356,103,231.00
Postal and fractional currency	39,541,734.21	39,528,702.00
Certificates of gold deposited	12,871,200.00	12,666,000.00
Total	$408,516,455.48	$409,100,614.00
Total amount outstanding	[illegible]	[illegible]
Interest	[illegible]	[illegible]
Total debt, principal and interest, to date, including interest due not presented for payment	[illegible]	[illegible]

AMOUNT IN TREASURY.

Coin	[illegible]	105,181,073.00
Currency	[illegible]	[illegible]
Total	$ 128,180,367.13	$ 126,848,437.41
Debt, less amount in the Treasury	2,308,213,692.00	2,341,776,886.00

[illegible]

The following were quotations for gold in New York and securities in London to-day:

GOLD IN NEW YORK.

[illegible]

SECURITIES IN LONDON.

[illegible]

The following quotations for buying and selling government bonds and local securities are given by Messrs. Lunt, Preston & Kean:

[illegible]

NEW YORK, Nov. 4.—Money market easy at 4@6 per cent.

Sterling quiet and firm at 109@109¼.

Gold firmer, under the covering of short contracts, opening at 111¼, fell to 111, and closed at 111¼@111½. Borrowing rates flat. Clearances [illegible]

Governments steady.

[illegible]

New York [illegible]

[illegible]

Sub-Treasury balance—Gold, $81,005,314; currency, $9,621,368. Gold interest paid, $149,567.

COMMERCIAL.

FRIDAY EVENING, Nov. 4.

The following table shows the receipts and shipments of produce at this point during the past twenty-four hours:

	Receipts.		Shipments.	
	1870.	1869.	1870.	1869.
Flour, brls	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Wheat, bu	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Corn, bu	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Oats, bu	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Rye, bu	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Barley, bu	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

[illegible]

The following grain has been received up to 10 o'clock this morning: 232 cars wheat, 36 cars corn, 29 cars oats, 6 cars rye, 13 cars barley. Total, 476 cars, or 174,000 bu.

Withdrawn yesterday for city consumption 3,600 bu wheat, 5,468 bu corn, 3,261 bu oats, 361 bu rye, 7,745 bu barley.

There was a large attendance on 'Change to-day, and a greater amount of activity in the leading grain markets, with better prices. The rumors of an armistice were generally believed, and of those who gave themselves the trouble to think about it, the majority seemed inclined to think it probable that the act is the beginning of a European peace. But this had little effect on prices either way. The increased demand—principally speculative—was called out by the recent drop in prices, and its effects were aided by declining freights. The shipping movement was only moderate.

The proposal to revise the rules for packing provisions, which was agitated last summer, was introduced on 'Change to-day, and the subject was referred to a meeting of the full board, to be held on Thursday evening next.

The registrar of grain receipts has made out a statement of the amounts of the different grades of grain that ought to have been in store in this city on the evening of Saturday last. A comparison of these with the statements of the warehousemen, for the same date, gives us the following view of the situation in corn:

	No. 2, bu.	Rejected, bu.
Registrar's statement	[illegible]	[illegible]
Warehouse statement	[illegible]	[illegible]
Difference	307,864	354,545

Accepting the registrar's statement as correct, then the warehousemen have 307,864 bu more of No. 2 and 354,545 bu less of rejected than they ought to have.

In other words, 300,000 bu of corn inspected into warehouse as rejected, has found its way into the No. 2 bins, and 50,000 bu of corn which was inspected in as rejected, has found its way into other bins. The profit to the warehouse man, through this mistake on the part of their employes, which was, of course, entirely unauthorized, is about as follows:

[illegible]

Similarly, we find an error of 202,127 bu in No. 2 spring, amounting to $10,000, on that grade alone, and a difference of about one third of the amount in No. 2 [illegible] The total difference thus probably amounts to not less than $25,000, and the same thing on rye and barley would swell the sum total to at least $30,000 made out of changes of grade since April 4, 1870.

It should be remembered that this difference has cropped out since the Board of Trade appointed a partial check upon the warehouse system. How much of difference was made in the absence of any such check it is impossible to say.

We admit that it is very hard to tax gentlemen with the commission of such an act as involved in making these changes. Indeed, it is just possible that the great warehousemen of this city may not be aware, in the language of Charley McDonnell, that "this sort of thing has been going on." They may be unwilling to reap the advantage placed in their hands by employes who are not vigilant enough to avoid mistakes; and it may be simply the misfortune of the warehousemen that these mistakes are uniformly made on the same side. Taking the view of the facts, and thinking it just possible that the objections to the proposed conduct of the warehouses [illegible] the opportunity for making other mistakes, we call their attention to the facts above noted. As honorable gentlemen they cannot wish to take advantage of errors [illegible] and as such we are sure they will [illegible] money to the foundation of a hospital, for decayed and ill-paid warehouse men, and devote their employes to the same [illegible]

Highwines were in fair active, but firm at the previous quotations. Sales were: 150 brls iron-bound at 84c. The market closed steady at this figure, and at 83½c for wood-bound lots.

Lake freights were less active at yesterday's quotations. There was a moderate demand, but vessels were scarce. Only six grain charters were reported. Sail rate to Buffalo were 8c on wheat, 7½c on corn, and 6c on oats. Through rates to New York, by steam on lake and by rail, were quoted at 20c on wheat, 19½c on corn, and 14c on oats.

Provisions were more active, but principally on lard, the movement in which was liberal, both for cash delivery and future, but at a shade off yesterday's figures. Mess Pork was quite weak for future, and new sold 50c lower for present delivery. Meats were quiet but steady, there being a moderate demand for the same, and but few were offering, as the recent warm weather has prevented killing, and hogs were regarded as stronger, though the weather has been cool [illegible] It is said that though it was going to be cheaply soon packed, and beat the charges of inflation of the past two seasons. The reaction could not fairly have been deferred. The great difference in favor of hogs over grain last year set everybody to hog-raising in 1870, and now operators are afraid to touch the animal, lest prices should even yet be above a safe basis. Mess pork closed at $22.50@24.00 for old; $21.00@23.50 for new; $19.25@19.50 for do seller December; $19.25 for do seller January. Lard closed at 13@13¼c; do seller December at 13c; do seller January at 12c; do seller four or five months at 11¾c. Green meats were quoted at 8½c for shoulders, 9½c for rough sides, 10c for short ribs, and 11c for hams. Meats in salt 15@20 days, when delivered, quotable at 8c for shoulders, 10c for rough sides, 10½c for short ribs. Sweet pickled hams nominal at 13c. Beef products were steady at about $11.25@11.50 for mess; $13.25@13.50 for extra mess. Beef hams, $23.00. Grease, 7@11c; and tallow at 8½@9c. Sales were: 25 brls old mess at $24.00; 150 brls new mess at $21.50; 25 brls do at $21.00; 50 brls do on private terms; 1,250 brls do seller December at $19.50; 250 brls do at $19.25; 50 tcs lard at 13½c; 100 tcs do at 13c; 50 tcs do at 13¼c; 40 tcs do at 13⅛c; 250 tcs do seller first half December (last evening) at 12½c; 250 tcs do at 12c; 500 tcs do seller all December at 12c; 100 tcs do seller January at 12c; 100 do seller December and January at 12c; 500 tcs do seller five months at 11¾c; 50,000 lbs do seller next week at 11¾c; 20,000 lbs do cash at 10½c; 50,000 lbs do seller December and January at 11½c; 50 tcs sweet pickled hams at 13¼c; 70 tcs do (12 days in pickle) at 12½c; 100 bxs green short ribs at 11c; 20,000 lbs do (10 days in salt) at 11¼c; 50,000 lbs do (10 days in salt) at 11⅛c; boxed; 50,000 do green shoulders, delivered next week in favorable weather, at 8½c; 5,000 lbs do, in salt 10 days, when delivered, at 8¾c, boxed; 150 brls mess beef at [illegible]; 5 brls country tallow at 8½c.

Fair demand for flour continues only fairly. Prices firm, and an easy feeling prevails generally. [illegible]

Wheat was irregular at an average advance of 1½c on yesterday's prices, under the receipt of advices of greater strength on the part of New York holders, while some, also, expected an improvement in Liverpool. [illegible]

[illegible]

Corn was 1c higher, and in good demand, owing to advices of scarcity and greater firmness in New York, joined to lighter receipts here. There was a very good inquiry for new corn, on the part of the distillers and the local trade. [illegible]

[illegible]

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cargo opened at that figure, advanced to 97¼c, and closed as above. [illegible]

[illegible]

Oats were firm but rather quiet. There was a better demand for shipment and for options, but holders did not offer their property freely, hence the market opened at inside and closed at outside quotations, averaging ½c better than yesterday. [illegible]

Rye was very quiet, at yesterday's outside prices, the offerings being almost nothing, [illegible]

Barley was more active, but weak, at about yesterday's prices. The market opened strong at 80c for regular No. 2, and 81c for do seller last half, but declined under free offerings, which were brought out by news of continued weakness in New York, and closed dull at 77c for No. 2; 78c for do seller last half; 65c for No. 3; and 40@45c for rejected. [illegible]

The inquiry for groceries was again active, but for sugars, syrups, and coffees prices ruled a shade lower. Teas were unchanged in price, the trade in metals and nails was a light one, but quotations were nominally unchanged. Wool sold to a light extent, at previous prices. Drugs and chemicals were dull, while the market for fish, fruit, and seed exhibited only a fair degree of activity.

The butter market was dull, and nominally lower for all grades below choice, which, being in light supply, remains comparatively firm. Bagging was quiet and steady at the late decline. There was a fair movement in cheese, and the market was firm at 13@14c for New York factory, and at 13@13½c for Western. Eggs were in demand, and salable at 20@22c for fresh. An active business was doing in green apples, and, notwithstanding the large supply in store, prices were very firm, and have an upward tendency. Oils were quiet at unchanged prices. The cattle market was fairly active for butchers' stock and stockers, but shipping cattle were dull and lower. Hogs remain dull, and a further decline of 15@25c was sustained, prices receding to $6.10@6.70 for common to choice.

LATER.

At the afternoon board a fair demand existed for No. 2 spring wheat, and prices were higher, the market closing firm at 97c cash and 98c seller last half of November. No. 2 corn closed at 51c cash. No inquiry for lake freights or provisions.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK MARKET.

FRIDAY EVENING, Nov. 4.

The following table shows the daily receipts and shipments of live stock during the week, up to this evening:

Receipts.	Cattle.	Hogs.	Sheep.
Monday	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Tuesday	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Wednesday	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Thursday	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Friday	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Total	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Same time last week	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

Shipments to-day and for the week up to this evening were as follows:

Shipments.	Cattle.	Hogs.	Sheep.
Monday	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Tuesday	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Wednesday	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Thursday	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Friday	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Total	[illegible]	17,738	[illegible]

BEEF CATTLE—The demand for cattle [illegible]

[illegible]

CLOSING PRICES.

Choice Beeves—Fine, fat, well-formed, 3 to 5-year old steers, and averaging 1,350 to 1,450 lbs... $[illegible]

Prime Beeves—Good, well-fatted, finely formed steers, averaging 1,200 to 1,350 lbs... [illegible]

[illegible]

CATTLE SALES TO-DAY.

[illegible]

HOGS—There was quite a decided change in the market, and prices were again lower. [illegible]

HOG SALES TO-DAY.

[illegible]

SHEEP—The market was dull and unsettled. The demand was small and sales ranged at $2.00@4.00 for inferior to choice. The supply continues light.

SHEEP SALES.

[illegible]

CHICAGO LUMBER MARKET.

FRIDAY EVENING, Nov. 4.

LUMBER—Business at the Lumber Exchange to-day was moderately active, [illegible]

[illegible]

AT THE YARDS.

Prices remain firm and unchanged.

[illegible]

BY TRACK.

The following are the prices now current:

[illegible]

CHICAGO DAILY MARKET.

FRIDAY EVENING, Nov. 4.

BUTTER—Aside from choice butter, [illegible]

[illegible]

BAGGING—A moderate trade was reported in this department, [illegible]

BROOM CORN AND BROOMS—[illegible]

CHEESE—The recent attempt to advance prices [illegible]

COAL—There was a little more activity in the coal trade to-day, [illegible]

COFFEES—[illegible]

COOPERAGE—There was a fair movement in this market, and quotations ruled firm, as below:

[illegible]

EGGS—[illegible]

FRUITS AND NUTS—Green fruits were in active demand, [illegible]

GREEN FRUITS—[illegible]

FISH—The demand for fish, though quite large as is usually enjoyed at this season of the year, is moderate, being mainly confined to supplying the current wants of country dealers. Prices were unchanged, ruling comparatively steady, as follows:

[illegible]

FEATHERS—[illegible]

HAY—Remains dull and prices are nominally unchanged. [illegible]

HIDES—There was a fair local and shipping demand for hides and all offerings were taken at the range of prices given below. [illegible]

IRON AND STEEL—[illegible]

LEATHER—[illegible]

OAK—[illegible]

METALS AND TINNERS' STOCK—[illegible]

NAILS—[illegible]

OILS—There was no decided change in the market for oils. [illegible]

POTATOES—[illegible]

SWEET POTATOES—[illegible]

RICE—[illegible]

SOAP—[illegible]

SALT—[illegible]

SUGARS—[illegible]

SYRUPS—[illegible]

TEAS—[illegible]

TOBACCO—[illegible]

[illegible]

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

Foreign Markets.

LONDON, Nov. 4—Evening.—Consols, 93. Bonds 88¾. [illegible]

LIVERPOOL, Nov. 4—11:30 a. m.—Flour, 23s 6d. [illegible]

LIVERPOOL, Nov. 4—1:30 p. m.—[illegible]

LIVERPOOL, Nov. 4—Evening.—Cotton—Sales for the week, [illegible]

LONDON, Nov. 4.—Tallow, 43s 6d. [illegible]

New York Dry Goods Market.

NEW YORK, Nov. 4.—The dry goods market [illegible]

The Produce Markets.

MILWAUKEE.

MILWAUKEE, Nov. 4.—BREADSTUFFS—Flour firm. [illegible]

NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, Nov. 4.—COTTON—In active demand and ¼c higher; [illegible]

BREADSTUFFS—Flour in good demand, at full prices, and unchanged; [illegible]

[illegible]

PHILADELPHIA.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 4.—BREADSTUFFS—[illegible]

BALTIMORE.

BALTIMORE, Nov. 4.—BREADSTUFFS—Flour quiet and weak. [illegible]

OSWEGO.

OSWEGO, Nov. 4.—BREADSTUFFS—[illegible]

TOLEDO.

TOLEDO, Nov. 4.—BREADSTUFFS—Flour in moderate demand and prices steady. [illegible]

LOUISVILLE.

LOUISVILLE, Nov. 4.—TOBACCO—[illegible]

BUFFALO.

BUFFALO, Nov. 4.—BREADSTUFFS—[illegible]

CINCINNATI.

CINCINNATI, Nov. 4.—COTTON—Middlings, 15½@16c.

[illegible]

DETROIT.

DETROIT, Nov. 4.—BREADSTUFFS—Flour steady, [illegible]

CLEVELAND.

CLEVELAND, Nov. 4.—BREADSTUFFS—[illegible]

ST. LOUIS.

ST. LOUIS, Nov. 4.—COTTON—Strong; 15@15½c. [illegible]

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

Port of Chicago.

ARRIVED.... Nov. 4.

[illegible]

CLEARED.... Nov. 4.

[illegible]

Vessels Passed Detroit.

[illegible]

[illegible]

Port of [illegible]

[illegible]

Vessels Passed [illegible]

[illegible]

Lake Freights.

[illegible]

Disasters.

[illegible]

From Lake Superior.

[illegible]

Vessel Transfers.

[illegible]

Miscellaneous Items.

[illegible]

[illegible]

CHICAGO DAILY MARKET.

BUTTER—[illegible]

[illegible]

COOPERAGE—[illegible]

[illegible] LIVE STOCK MARKET.

FRIDAY EVENING, Nov. 4.

[illegible]

LATER.

[illegible]

LUMBER MARKET.

FRIDAY EVENING, Nov. 4.

[illegible]

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

Foreign Markets.

LONDON, Nov. 4—Evening.—Consols, [illegible]

LIVERPOOL, Nov. 4—[illegible]

LIVERPOOL, Nov. 4—Evening.—Cotton—[illegible]

[illegible]

New York Dry Goods Market.

NEW YORK, Nov. 4.—The dry goods market [illegible]

The Produce Markets.

MILWAUKEE.

MILWAUKEE, Nov. 4.—Breadstuffs—Flour—[illegible]

NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, Nov. 4.—Cotton—[illegible]

PHILADELPHIA.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 4.—Breadstuffs—[illegible]

BALTIMORE.

BALTIMORE, Nov. 4.—Breadstuffs—[illegible]

OSWEGO.

OSWEGO, Nov. 4.—Breadstuffs—[illegible]

TOLEDO.

TOLEDO, Nov. 4.—Breadstuffs—[illegible]

LOUISVILLE.

LOUISVILLE, Nov. 4.—Tobacco—[illegible]

BUFFALO.

BUFFALO, Nov. 4.—Breadstuffs—[illegible]

CINCINNATI.

CINCINNATI, Nov. 4.—Cotton—[illegible]

DETROIT.

DETROIT, Nov. 4.—Breadstuffs—[illegible]

CLEVELAND.

CLEVELAND, Nov. 4.—Breadstuffs—[illegible]

ST. LOUIS.

ST. LOUIS, Nov. 4.—Cotton—[illegible]

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

Port of Chicago.

ARRIVED....... Nov. 4.

[illegible]

CLEARED....... Nov. 4.

[illegible]

Port of Goderich.

ARRIVED FROM CHICAGO, Nov. 1.—[illegible]

Vessels Passed Welland Canal.

The following vessels passed the locks at Port Colborne, on Wednesday:

[illegible]

Lake Freights.

CHICAGO, Nov. 4.—Charters [illegible]

MILWAUKEE, Nov. 4.—Grain freights [illegible]

Disasters.

The schooner Jefferson, ashore near Lincoln, [illegible]

From Lake Superior.

The propeller Meteor arrived Thursday forenoon from Duluth and other ports, [illegible]

Vessel Transfers.

The following is an official list of vessel transfers in this district during the month of October: [illegible]

Miscellaneous Items.

WRECKING.—Captain Conkite, of the Cleveland Wrecking Company, [illegible]

MEDICAL CARDS.

Dr. A. G. Olin,

[illegible]

Chronic Diseases.

DR. JAMES, [illegible]

Dr. Townsend,

[illegible]

Manhood and Youthful Vigor

Are regained by Helmbold's Extract Buchu.

Private Matters.

[illegible]

Shattered Constitutions

RESTORED by Helmbold's Extract Buchu.

Dr. Bassett,

[illegible]

Take no More Unpleasant and Unsafe Remedies

For unpleasant and dangerous diseases. Use Helmbold's Extract Buchu and Improved Rose Wash.

Dr. Raphael

[illegible]

Private Consultations.

[illegible]

Enfeebled and Delicate Constitutions.

[illegible]

Dr. Franklin Brooks,

[illegible]

The Glory of Man is Strength.

[illegible]

Getting Married.

[illegible]

Helmbold's Extract Buchu

[illegible]

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Helmbold's Extract Buchu

[illegible]

Batchelor's Hair Dye.

[illegible]

For Non-Retention or Incontinence

[illegible]

OCEAN STEAMERS.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY'S Through Line to California and China. FARES GREATLY REDUCED.

[illegible]

TIME-TABLE.

Arrival and Departure of Trains

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

ILLINOIS CENTRAL. [illegible]

LAKE SHORE & MICHIGAN SOUTHERN RAILWAY. [illegible]

CHICAGO, BURLINGTON & QUINCY RAILROAD. [illegible]

MICHIGAN CENTRAL RAILROAD. [illegible]

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE & CHICAGO RAILWAY. [illegible]

CHICAGO, ALTON & ST. LOUIS RAILROAD. [illegible]

CHICAGO, DANVILLE & VINCENNES RAILROAD. [illegible]

CHICAGO, ROCK ISLAND & PACIFIC RAILROAD. [illegible]

PITTSBURGH, CINCINNATI & ST. LOUIS RAILROAD. [illegible]

CHICAGO & NORTHWESTERN RAILROAD. [illegible]

MEDICAL.

TO PHYSICIANS.

NEW YORK, August 15, 1868.

Allow me to call your attention to my PREPARATION OF

COMPOUND Extract Buchu

The component parts are

BUCHU, Long Leaf, CUBEBS, JUNIPER BERRIES.

MODE OF PREPARATION.

Buchu, in vacuo. Juniper Berries, by distillation. Cubebs extracted by displacement with spirits obtained from Juniper Berries; very little sugar is used, and a small proportion of spirit. It is more palatable than any now in use.

BUCHU,

As prepared by Druggists, is of a dark color. It is a plant that emits its fragrance; the action of a flame destroys this (its active principle), leaving a dark and glutinous decoction. Mine is the color of ingredients.

The Buchu in my Preparation Predominates.

The smallest quantity of the other ingredients are added, to prevent fermentation; upon inspection it will be found not to be a Tincture, as made in Pharmacopœa, nor is it a Syrup—and therefore

CAN BE USED IN CASES WHERE FEVER OR INFLAMMATION EXIST.

In this, you have the knowledge of the ingredients and the mode of preparation.

Hoping that you will favor it with a trial, and that upon inspection it will meet with your approbation,

With a feeling of confidence,

I am, very respectfully,

H. T. HELMBOLD,

Chemist and Druggist of 19 Years' Experience.

From the largest Manufacturing Chemists in the World.]

November 4, 1854.

"I am acquainted with Mr. H. T. Helmbold; he occupied the Drug Store opposite my residence, and was successful in conducting the business where others had not been equally so before him. I have been favorably impressed with his character and enterprise."

WILLIAM WEIGHTMAN,

Firm of Powers & Weightman, Manufacturing Chemists, Ninth and Brown sts., Philadelphia.

HELMBOLD'S FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU

For Weakness arising from Indiscretion.

The exhausted powers of Nature, which are accompanied by so many alarming symptoms, among which will be found

Indisposition to Exertion, Loss of Memory, Wakefulness, Horror of Disease, or Forebodings of Evil.

IN FACT,

Universal Lassitude, Prostration, and inability to enter into the enjoyments of society.

The constitution, once affected with Organic Weakness, requires the aid of Medicine to strengthen and invigorate the system, which

HELMBOLD'S Extract Buchu

invariably does. If no treatment is submitted to, Consumption or Insanity ensues.

Helmbold's Fluid Extract of Buchu,

In affections peculiar to females, is unequaled by any other preparation, as in

Chlorosis, or Retention, Painfulness, or Suppression of Customary Evacuations, Ulcerated or Schirrus State of the Uterus,

And all complaints incident to the sex, or the decline or change of life.

Helmbold's Fluid Extract Buchu and Improved Rose Wash

Will radically exterminate from the system diseases arising from habits of dissipation, at little expense, little or no change in diet, no inconvenience or exposure; completely superseding those unpleasant and dangerous remedies, Copavia and Mercury, in all these diseases.

TESTIMONY.

Cure of Gravel of Five Years' Standing—Stone Passed, and to be Seen.

SAVANNAH, TENN., May 14, 1869.

Dr. H. T. Helmbold:

DEAR SIR: We introduced your "Fluid Extract Buchu" in this country about eight months ago, and are happy to state that it is meeting with universal favor. We wish to inform you of one instance (among many) where your "Buchu" has worked wonders. A man in our county, named J. B. Estill, had been suffering about five years with gravel. About six weeks ago he bought of us one bottle of your "Buchu," and before he was through with one bottle he passed a gravel that weighs eight grains, which we now have on exhibition in our drug store. He says that he will never be without the "Buchu" in his house again. Your preparations are gaining favor every day. Very respectfully yours, &c.,

BOOLES & HINKLE, Druggists.

Cure of Bladder and Kidney Affection of Long Standing—Stone Passed, and to be Seen.

WESTPORT, CONN., Sept. 5, 1869.

H. T. Helmbold, Esq.:

DEAR SIR: I commenced taking your "Extract of Buchu" about two weeks since for an affection of the gravel, bladder, and kidneys. I have suffered by spells very much for a few days past. But yesterday relief came through the effect of your "Buchu." A stone passed from my bladder about the size of a large pea, and I now feel perfectly well and entirely free from the pain that I have suffered with so hard. I attribute my cure to your medicine entirely, and would recommend all persons similarly affected to try it. I have great faith in its curative powers. Yours truly,

THOMAS J. BENNETT.

REFERS TO

Rev. WM. COGSWELL, Westport, Conn.

J. L. G. CANNON, Druggist, Westport, Conn.

H. B. WHEELER, Esq., Westport, Conn.

BRADLEY HILL, Esq., Westport, Conn.

Dr. WAKEMAN, Redding, Conn.

E. W. ROBINSON, Wholesale Druggist, New York City.

And many others, if necessary.

Cure of Kidney and Bladder Affection of a Patient 78 Years of Age.

THANKS TO MR. HELMBOLD.

GIRARD, PA., March 21, 1869.

Editor Cosmopolite:

I desire as an unsolicited tribute to the merits of HELMBOLD'S BUCHU, and for the benefit of those similarly affected as myself, to say that, after consulting many eminent physicians, and trying nearly all the best advertised remedies, in the vain hope of finding relief from aggravated kidney and bladder diseases from which I have suffered intensely for many years, I had fortune finally suggested to me HELMBOLD'S BUCHU, which I commenced using with little faith, and no apparent beneficial results for about a month. At the expiration of that time, however, I thought I commenced to experience slight relief, which encouraged me to persevere in its use; and now, at the expiration of four months, although I am an infirm old man, nearly 78 years of age, and consequently medicines cannot be expected to favorably affect me as they otherwise would, I have found such unspeakable relief and permanent benefit from Mr. Helmbold's valuable discovery that I feel I ought in justice record the fact, as an acknowledgment to him and a valuable suggestion to the public. Yours respectfully,

D. R. LARER.

Mr. Larer refers to the following gentlemen: [illegible]

MEDICAL.

HELMBOLD'S FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU.

Is pleasant in taste and odor, free from all injurious properties, and immediate in its action.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT

BUCHU gives health and vigor to the frame, and bloom to the pallid cheek. Debility is accompanied by many alarming symptoms, and if no treatment is submitted to, Consumption, Insanity or Epileptic Fits ensue.

FOR NON-RETENTION

OR INCONTINENCE of Urine, Irritation, Inflammation or Ulceration of the Bladder or Kidneys, Diseases of the Prostrate Glands, Stone in the Bladder, Calculus, Gravel or Brick Dust Deposits, and all Diseases of the Bladder, Kidneys, or Dropsical Swellings, USE HELMBOLD'S FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU.

ENFEEBLED & DELICATE

CONSTITUTIONS of both sexes, use HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU. It will give brisk and energetic feelings, and enable you to sleep well.

TAKE NO MORE UNPLEASANT AND UNSAFE

Remedies for unpleasant and dangerous diseases. Use HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU AND IMPROVED ROSE WASH.

THE GLORY OF MAN IS

STRENGTH; therefore, the nervous and debilitated should immediately use HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU.

MANHOOD AND YOUTHFUL

Vigor are regained by HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU.

SHATTERED CONSTITUTIONS RESTORED

By HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT

BUCHU AND IMPROVED ROSE WASH cure secret and delicate disorders in all their stages, at little expense, little or no change in diet, no inconvenience, and no exposure. It is pleasant in taste and odor, immediate in its action, and free from all injurious properties.

Helmbold's Fluid Extract Buchu

Is a certain cure for diseases of the

Bladder, Kidneys, Gravel, Dropsy, Organic Weakness, Female Complaints, General Debility,

AND ALL DISEASES OF THE

URINARY ORGANS,

Whether existing in

Male or Female,

From whatever cause originating, and no matter of

HOW LONG STANDING.

MEDICAL.

DR. KEYSER,

A Physician of Over Thirty Years' Experience, and a Graduate of the Jefferson Medical College, and of the University of Medicine and Surgery, of Philadelphia.

Mr. H. T. Helmbold:

DEAR SIR: In regard to the question asked me as to my opinion about Buchu, I would say that I have used and sold the article in various forms, for the past thirty years. I do not think there is any form or preparation of it I have not used, or known to be used, in the various diseases where such medicine agent would be indicated. You are aware, as well as myself, that it has been extensively employed in the various diseases of the bladder and kidneys, and the reputation it has acquired, in my judgment, is warranted by the facts.

I have seen and used, as before stated, every form of Buchu—the powdered leaves, tincture, fluid extracts—and I am not cognizant of any preparation of that plant at all equal to yours. Twelve years' experience ought, I think, to give me the right to judge of its merits; and, without prejudice or partiality, I give yours precedence over all others.

I value your Buchu for its effect on patients. I have cured with it, and seen cured with it, more diseases of the bladder and kidneys than I have ever seen cured with any other Buchu or any other proprietary compound of whatever name.

Respectfully yours, &c.,

GEO. H. KEYSER, M. D.,

No. 140 Wood-st., Pittsburgh, Pa.

Aug. 11, 1865.

A Case of Twenty Years' Standing.

PHILADELPHIA, PENN., June 28, 1867.

H. T. Helmbold, Druggist:

DEAR SIR: I have been a sufferer for upward of twenty years with gravel, bladder, and kidney affections, during which time I have used various medicinal preparations, and been under the treatment of the most eminent physicians, experiencing but little relief.

Having seen your preparations extensively advertised, I consulted my family physician in regard to using your Extract Buchu.

I did this because I had used all kinds of advertised remedies, and had found them worthless, and some quite injurious; in fact, I despaired of ever getting well, and determined to use no remedies hereafter unless I knew of the ingredients. It was this that prompted me to use your remedy. As you advertised that it was composed of buchu, cubebs, and juniper berries, it occurred to me and my physician as an excellent combination, and, with his advice, after an examination of the article and consulting again with the druggist, I concluded to try it. I commenced its use about eight months ago, at which time I was confined to my room.

From the first bottle I was astonished and gratified at the beneficial effect, and, after using it three weeks, was able to walk out. I felt much like writing to you a full statement of the case at that time, but thought my improvement might only be temporary, and, therefore, concluded to defer, and see if it would effect a permanent cure, knowing that it would be of greater value to you and more satisfactory to me.

I am now able to report that a cure is effected after using the remedy for five months.

I have not used any now for three months, and feel as well in all respects as I ever did.

Your Buchu being devoid of any unpleasant taste and odor, a nice tonic and invigorator of the system, I do not mean to be without it whenever occasion may require its use in such affections.

M. McCORMICK.

Should any one doubt Mr. McCormick's statement, he refers to the following gentlemen:

Hon. WM. BIGLER, ex-Governor of Pennsylvania.

Hon. THOS. B. FLORENCE, Philadelphia.

Hon. J. C. KNOX, Philadelphia.

Hon. J. S. BLACK, Philadelphia.

Hon. D. R. PORTER, ex-Governor of Pennsylvania.

Hon. ELLIS LEWIS, Philadelphia.

Hon. R. C. GRIER, Philadelphia.

Hon. G. W. WOODWARD, Philadelphia.

Hon. W. A. PORTER, Philadelphia.

Hon. JOHN BIGLER, ex-Governor of California.

Hon. E. BANKS, Washington, D. C.

And many others, if necessary.

One Hundred Dollars would be Given for a Bottle if Necessary.

RAHWAY, N. J., Dec. 2, 1869.

H. T. Helmbold, Esq.:

DEAR SIR: I take great pleasure in sending you a certificate, in addition to the many you have received from suffering humanity. I can scarcely find language sufficiently strong to express my heartfelt gratification of the wonderful cure your "Buchu" has effected. For four years I have suffered beyond description. All my friends (with myself) came to the conclusion that my case was incurable. Accident placed your advertisement in my hands. I commenced taking your "Buchu." I followed its directions, and, to my utter astonishment, before I had taken seven bottles of your valuable medicine (I would give $100 a bottle, if I could not get it at any other price), I am entirely cured. I most earnestly recommend it to all those suffering from disease. I have told many persons to take your valuable medicine, and they are doing so with great success. Any information my fellow-citizens may require will be freely given by the subscriber at his residence, No. 76 Milton-av., Rahway, N. J.

H. M. FREEMAN,

Councilman Third Ward, City of Rahway.

RAHWAY, N. J., Dec. 2, 1869.

We, the undersigned, are well acquainted with H. M. Freeman, of Rahway, and know that he has been a very great sufferer, in the worst possible form, for the past four years, and that he has been entirely cured by the use of "Helmbold's Buchu":

J. W. SAVAGE, ex-Mayor.

FRANK LA RAU, President of Council.

WM. RICHARDS, Clerk of Council.

PETER A. BANTA, Councilman.

W. J. BROWN, Councilman.

J. S. S. MELICK, Councilman.

LEWIS HOFF, Councilman.

J. D. STRYKER, Merchant.

CITY HALL, MAYOR'S OFFICE,
RAHWAY, N. J., Dec. 2, 1869.

This will certify that I am personally acquainted with H. M. Freeman, and am cognizant of the facts as set forth in the above statement, and the several persons whose signatures are thereunto attached, are all known to me.

JOHN F. WHITNEY,

Mayor of Rahway, N. J.

N. Y. S. VOL. INSTITUTE,
COR. OF FIFTH-AV. AND SEVENTY-SIXTH-ST.,
CENTRAL PARK.

A Home and School for the Sons of Deceased Soldiers.

Dr. H. T. Helmbold:

Two bottles only of the package of your valuable Buchu presented to the Institute have been used by the children, and with perfect success. In the case of our little Lieutenant A. J., his pride is no longer mortified, and he is free from the daily morning chastisement of the chambermaid who has charge of his bedding. I feel that a knowledge of the result of our use of your Buchu with the children under our charge may save many Superintendent and Matron of Boarding Schools and Asylums a great amount of annoyance; and many a poor child suffering more from weakness than from habit, may be spared punishment that is (not knowing it as a weakness instead of a bad habit) most unjustly inflicted upon them. Thanking you on behalf of the children, and hoping others may be alike benefited, I am respectfully yours,

COLONEL YOUNG,

General Sup't and Director.

June 16, 1866.

Great Salt Lake City.

UTAH, Jan. 26, 1868.

Dr. H. T. Helmbold:

DEAR SIR: Your communication requesting our terms for advertising was duly received, [illegible]

[illegible]

MEDICAL.

HELMBOLD'S BUCHU,

The only known remedy for diabetes, irritation of the neck of the bladder, inflammation of the kidneys, catarrh of the bladder, strangury or painful urinating.

HELMBOLD'S BUCHU,

The only known remedy for diabetes, irritation of the neck of the bladder, inflammation of the kidneys, catarrh of the bladder, strangury or painful urinating.

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The only known remedy for diabetes, irritation of the neck of the bladder, inflammation of the kidneys, catarrh of the bladder, strangury or painful urinating.

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Helmbold's Buchu,

The only known remedy for diabetes, irritation of the neck of the bladder, inflammation of the kidneys, catarrh of the bladder, strangury or painful urinating.

MEDICAL.

A Case of Inflammation of Kidneys and Gravel.

From MORGAN, FRAZEE & CO.

CLARION, Mass., Feb. 2, 1869.

Mr. H. T. Helmbold:

DEAR SIR: About two years ago I was troubled with both inflammation of the kidneys and Gravel, and I resorted to several remedies, without deriving any benefit; I believed, and seeing your Extract Buchu advertised, I procured a few bottles, and used them. The result was a complete cure in a short time. I regard your EXTRACT BUCHU to be decidedly the best remedy extant for any and all diseases of the Kidneys, and am quite confident that it will do all you claim for it. You may publish this if you desire so to do.

Yours respectfully,

EDWIN W. FRAZEE.

United States Hospital.

SALISBURY, N. C., March 20, 1865.

H. T. HELMBOLD, Esq., Philadelphia, Penn.:

DEAR SIR: I wish you to send me one dozen of your Sarsaparilla Extract, and half a dozen of your Rose Wash.

Allow me to say that your preparations are very satisfactory, not only to the practitioner, but also to the patient; and I shall endeavor to bring them to universal use in this part of the country.

Please forward those medicines again as before, C. O. D., per express.

I am, sir, very respectfully yours, etc.,

M. F. A. HOFFMAN,

Surgeon in charge of Hospital.

Certificate of a Distinguished Midwife.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 12, 1869.

Mr. Helmbold:

SIR: I have used your Extract Buchu with many of my patients, and can speak of it in the highest terms in every case, and consider it a valuable remedy, and one that should be in the hands of every midwife.

Very truly yours,

REBECCA STANTON, M. D.

Cure of Nervous Prostration and Decline of a Young Lady.

H. T. HELMBOLD:

I have been giving your Extract Buchu to my daughter, who has been unable to sleep; very nervous, loss of appetite, general debility, and rapid falling into decline—in fact, consumption was talked of. I was recommended to use your "Buchu" by a highly respectable lady of this place, who had given it to her son with complete success. My daughter had been troubled for a long time. I purchased one bottle, some eight weeks since, which lasted one week, and from which she received great benefit, and induced me to purchase one-half dozen bottles, as I had tried many other remedies, and my family physician, to no avail. It is now more than two weeks since she has taken the last bottle, and I am happy to inform you of its complete success. Very truly, yours,

GEO. M. MARSHALL.

GERMANTOWN, Pa., Feb. 12, 1869.

A Permanent Cure of Gravel of Twelve Years' Standing—Stone Passed and to be Seen.

BURNSIDE, Ct., Dec. 15, 1869.

Dr. Helmbold:

DEAR SIR: It is with much pleasure that I write you some facts respecting myself. I do not know hardly how to express myself. I have been for the last ten or twelve years the greatest sufferer that could be and live; but none sometimes than others. The complaint was the "kidneys" and "bladder." I have been sometimes from twelve to fourteen hours, and wanted to make water every minute, but could not. Have consulted doctors, both in Massachusetts and this State, and taken pills, I may say, by the quart, also liquored medicines; but found no relief in one, and got worse the last six months. I was so that I could scarcely get about. I could not rest night or day. It would seem to have been "all up" with myself if I had not seen your advertisement in the Berkshire Courier, headed "Kidneys." I read it through, and thought I would try it. I purchased a bottle, but, mind you, had not much faith in it. Why should I, when I had been trying so many things, that cost me so much? Well, I began taking it, and before I had taken the first bottle I felt bad; but I finished it, and got another. By the time I took half of the second I got still worse (apparently). When I walked it seemed as if my right kidney was falling from its place, and I felt really bad. I felt as before I had finished the second that I had made up my mind it was of no use trying any more—and all this time the "BUCHU" was doing its work, but I did not know it; so I gave it up, and went to Hartford on Saturday to one of the best doctors in the city. He said it was the neck of the bladder, and I should have to undergo an operation. He gave me medicine, and I went home quite downhearted. On Sunday I was unable to go to church. I had not taken any of his medicine, but on my return continued using the "BUCHU," and in the afternoon I had a desire to make water, but could not. About one hour after this I tried again, with the same result; but the next time I took the vessel it was the same as turning a faucet and stopping it off again. It was so for three times, and the third time there was something came through the passage and struck against the side of the vessel. I examined it, and it is the upper stone or gravel you ever saw, covered over with little pieces which collected together. It looks the color of a sand turtle, and is as hard as flint. So you see the "BUCHU" was doing its work, although I was feeling so badly. I procured another bottle, thinking there might be some more behind; but since that has passed, which is eight weeks ago last Sunday, I have been as well as I ever was in my life. I have the stone securely wrapped, and those who have seen it in this place are surprised. I cannot tell you all; but this is a true story of myself, and you are welcome to make such use of my name as you think proper. I am pretty well known in Berkshire; also in Connecticut. The advertisement saved me. Why not publish more? The Springfield Republican is a wide-spread paper. If any one wishes to see this wonder, they can do so. I could write all day, but think I have said enough this time, so I remain your ever well-wisher,

EDWARD L. HOWARD,

Paper Maker, Burnside, Hartford County, Conn.

Refers to

Dr. MACK, Burnside, Conn.

Dr. WRIGHT, North Lee, Mass.

Dr. HOLKUM, North Lee, Mass.

Dr. ADAMS, Stockbridge, Mass.

Dr. SCOTT, North Manchester, Conn.

Dr. JAQUES, Buckland Corners, Conn.

Dr. BEARSFORD, Hartford, Conn.

All of whom treated me for the disease.

Speedy Relief from Kidney Affection occasioned by Accident.

NEW YORK, Feb. 1, 1870.

Dr. H. T. HELMBOLD:

DEAR SIR: On the 2d of August last, I received severe internal and external injuries, occasioned by an accident on a Philadelphia Railroad car. On my arrival in New York I was attended by Dr. WILSON, of West Fifty-fifth-st., and another physician whose name I do not now remember. After my wounds were dressed I suffered for (3) three days intense agony from internal injuries, which affected my kidneys. I can say that after taking but three doses of YOUR EXTRACT BUCHU, I felt greatly relieved. I used the balance of the bottle, and am happy to state that since that time I have experienced no further difficulty.

Very truly yours,

F. H. KEARNEY, 346 Third-av.

I respectfully refer to either of the following gentlemen:

ROBERT B. ROOSEVELT, Esq., Editor of Citizen and Round Table.

E. F. CURTIS, Esq., 48 Greenwich-av.

MORRIS PHILLIPS, Esq., Editor of Home Journal.

Hon. M. CONNOLLY, Register of City.

Messrs. PETTINGILL & BATES, Proprietors of Hearth and Home.

I. N. HUDSON, Esq., 31 Park Row.

Hon. NELSON J. WATERBURY.

Hon. JAMES E. COULTER.

And many others if necessary.

HELMBOLD'S Extract Buchu,

ESTABLISHED

UPWARD OF NINETEEN YEARS,

PREPARED BY

H. T. HELMBOLD,

At His Drug and Chemical Warehouses,

594 Broadway, New York,

AND

104 South Tenth-st., Philadelphia, Pa.

PRICE:

Six Bottles for $6.50, or $1.25 per Bottle; Delivered to any Address.

Sold by Druggists Everywhere.

None are genuine unless done up in steel-engraved wrapper, with fac-simile of my chemical warehouse, and signed

H. T. HELMBOLD.

MEDICAL.

HELMBOLD'S BUCHU

Is more strengthening than any of the preparations of Bark or Iron, infinitely safer, and more pleasant.

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HOOFLAND'S REMEDIES.

A REMINDER.

To Debilitated Persons,
To Dyspeptics,
To Sufferers from Liver Complaint,
To those having no Appetite,
To those with Broken Down Constitutions,
To Nervous People,
To Children Wasting Away,
To any with Debilitated Digestive Organs,

Or suffering with any of the following symptoms, which indicate disordered Liver or Stomach,

Such as Constipation, Inward Piles, Fulness or Blood to the Head, Acidity of the Stomach, Nausea, Heartburn, Disgust for Food, Fulness or Weight in the Stomach, Sour Eructations, Sinking or Fluttering at the Pit of the Stomach, Swimming of the Head, Hurried and Difficult Breathing, Fluttering at the Heart, Choking or Suffocating Sensations when in a Lying Posture, Dimness of Vision, Dots or Webs before the Sight, Fever and Dull Pain in the Head, Deficiency of Perspiration, Yellowness of the Skin and Eyes, Pain in the Side, Back, Chest, Limbs, &c., Sudden Flushes of Heat, Burning in the Flesh, Constant Imaginings of Evil, and Great Depression of Spirits.

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS,

A Bitters without Alcohol or Spirits of any kind,

[illegible]

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN TONIC,

[illegible]

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS,

OR

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN TONIC,

WITH

HOOFLAND'S

Podophyllin Pill,

WILL CURE YOU.

THEY ARE THE GREATEST

BLOOD PURIFIERS

Known to the Medical world, and will eradicate diseases arising from impure blood, Debility of the Digestive Organs, or Diseased Liver, in a shorter time than any other known remedy.

REMEMBER, THAT HOOFLAND'S GERMAN REMEDIES

Are the chief remedies now before the public for the cure of Dyspepsia, Debility, Liver Complaint, &c.

REMEMBER, THAT HOOFLAND'S GERMAN TONIC

Is composed of the ingredients of the Bitters, compounded with pure Santa Cruz Rum, Orange, &c., and is used in the same diseases as the Bitters, in cases where some alcoholic stimulus is required.

REMEMBER,

That these remedies have cured thousands of cases of the Digestive Organs than all others combined.

REMEMBER, THAT HOOFLAND'S GERMAN REMEDIES

Have been certified to by persons occupying the most dignified positions, both publicly and socially.

REMEMBER, THAT HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS, AND HOOFLAND'S GERMAN TONIC,

Will create your strength, give you a good appetite, and enable you to digest your food.

REMEMBER, THAT HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS, AND HOOFLAND'S GERMAN TONIC,

WILL CURE EVERY CASE OF

MARASMUS,

Or Wasting away of the Body.

REMEMBER, THAT HOOFLAND'S GERMAN REMEDIES

Are the Medicines you require to purify the Blood, excite the torpid Liver to healthy action, and to enable you to pass safely through any hardships or exposure.

DR. HOOFLAND'S PODOPHYLLIN,

OR

Substitute for Mercury Pills.

TWO PILLS A DOSE.

The Most Powerful, Yet Innocent, Vegetable Cathartic Known.

[illegible]

CHAS. M. EVANS, Proprietor.

[illegible]

An Illustration of High Commercial Morality.

A Calumny Refuted—Reynolds Again.

Arrangements for To-Night—Long John Again.

Election, Tuesday, November 8.

For Congressman-at-Large—JOHN A. LOGAN.

For Superintendent of Public Instruction—NEWTON BATEMAN.

For Penitentiary Commissioners—ELMER WASHBURN (long term). CASPAR BUTZ (short term).

For Congress—First District—JOHN WENTWORTH.

COUNTY OFFICERS.

For Sheriff—TIMOTHY M. BRADLEY.

For Coroner—JOHN STEPHENS.

SENATORS.

JOHN N. JEWETT.

JOHN L. BEVERIDGE.

WILLARD WOODARD.

TOWN OFFICERS.

WARD OFFICERS.

SOUTH DIVISION MASS MEETING.

A CALUMNY REFUTED.

REPUBLICAN WARD MEETINGS TO-NIGHT.

THE SPORTING WORLD.

Interesting Base Ball Statistics.

No Game Between the White Stockings and the Reds.

The Turf.

Base Ball.

THE WHITES AND REDS.

No response has as yet been received from the Red Stocking managers with reference to the counter-proposition made by the Whites to play the first game of the new series in Chicago, and the second in Cincinnati. Some light is thrown upon the matter by a paragraph in the Enquirer...

THE STANDING OF CLUBS.

The Turf.

THE BUCKEYE HORSE FAIR.

THE POLICE COURTS.

SOUTH SIDE COURT.

THE CITY IN BRIEF.

Evanston.

The Republicans of Evanston, on Thursday evening, nominated the following gentlemen for the various town offices: Supervisor, Eli A. Gage; Assessor, S. V. Kline; Collector, John Tousey; Justices of the Peace, James Curry and S. G. Hook; Constables, Miles Russell and William Carter; Town Clerk, Edwin A. Clifford; Commissioner of Highways, James McGrath; School Trustee, E. R. Paul.

General Heabreack Davis.

Obituary.

Announcements.

Meteorological.

MINIATURE ALMANAC.

Yesterday's Fires.

Coroner's Inquest.

Miscellaneous.

REAL ESTATE.

HOTEL PERSONALS.

Meteorological Record.

WEST SIDE PARKS.

Financial Statement—Work Done.

THE WAREHOUSE QUESTION.

To the Editor of The Chicago Tribune:

Oysters! Oysters!! Oysters!!!

Fashionable Goods.

American Base-Burner.

BROOKLYN WHISKEY WAR.

Raid on the Illicit Distilleries of the Fifth Ward—The Revenue Officers Supported by 2,000 United States Troops—Collisions with the Mob—A Large Number of Distilleries Broken Up.

From the New York Tribune, Nov. 2.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

MARRIED.

DIED.

AMUSEMENTS.

FARWELL HALL.

THEODORE THOMAS AND HIS UNEQUALLED CONCERT ORGANIZATION.

45 Distinguished Artists.

SIX GRAND CONCERTS.

Monday Eve'g, Nov. 7.
Tuesday Eve'g, Nov. 8.
Wednesday Eve'g, Nov. 9.
Thursday Eve'g, Nov. 10.
Monday Eve'g, Nov. 14.
Tuesday Eve'g, Nov. 15.

MISS ANNA MEHLIG,

ENTIRE GRAND ORCHESTRA.

CROSBY OPERA HOUSE.

CROSBY OPERA HOUSE.

ENGAGEMENT OF

THE GREAT LINGARD,

McVICKER'S THEATRE.

LAURENCE BARRETT,

THE MARBLE HEART.

AIKEN'S MUSEUM.

DEARBORN THEATRE.

MANNING'S MINSTRELS.

CROSBY'S MUSIC HALL.

Saturday Evening, Nov. 5, 1870.

SOIREE MUSICALE

BY

MR. ALFRED RICHTER.

FOR SALE.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES.

BOARD WANTED.

HOUSEHOLD GOODS.

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.

MACHINERY.

SEWING MACHINES.

AUCTION SALES.

23 Cases Pure California Wines.

5,000 Imported Cigars,

AT AUCTION.

REAL ESTATE SALE.

12 BUILDING LOTS

AT AUCTION.

STOCK AND FIXTURES OF THE

Tremont Exchange,

NO. 57 DEARBORN-ST.

AT AUCTION.

Ladies', Misses', Children's, AND Gentlemen's Furs,

AT AUCTION.

200 Ladies' Cloaks and Suits At Auction.

CATALOGUE SALE.

On Thursday, Nov. 10,

At 9 1-2 O'clock a. m.,

Dry Goods, Clothing, Woollens, Worsted Goods, Cassimeres, Doeskins, Beavers, &c.

ALSO,

900 CASES BOOTS & SHOES,

By GEO. P. GORE & CO.

REGULAR SATURDAY'S SALE

100 Comforts,
40 Rolls Wool Carpet,
50 Rolls Oil Cloth,
100 Husk Mattresses,
50 Horse Blankets.

On Saturday, Nov. 5,

GEO. P. GORE & CO., Auctioneers.

Fancy Colored Sheepskin Carriage Mats & Rugs,

By EDW'D. F. THOMAS & CO.

56 WEST MADISON-ST.

STOCK OF NEW STOVES,

NO. 154 WEST TAYLOR-ST.

STOCK OF GROCERIES,

By ALFRED DAY & CO.,

AUCTION SALE,

New and Second-Hand Furniture,

By HENRY FELTMAN.

By HENRY FELTMAN.

GOVERNMENT GOODS DEPOT.

CITY REAL ESTATE.

COUNTRY REAL ESTATE.

SUBURBAN REAL ESTATE.

BOARDING AND LODGING.

HELP WANTED—MALE.

HELP WANTED—FEMALE.

TO RENT—HOUSES.

TO RENT—ROOMS.

TO RENT—STORES, OFFICES, &C.

WANTED TO RENT.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

AGENTS WANTED.

MISCELLANEOUS.

LOST AND FOUND.

PERSONAL.

PARTNERS WANTED.

FINANCIAL.

WASHINGTON.

The Late Riot in Norfolk.

A Deliberately-Formed Plan to Murder Leading Republicans.

The Approaching Election in Maryland.

Special Despatch to The Chicago Tribune.

THE NORFOLK RIOT.

MARYLAND.

MILITARY.

CHANGE IN THE HEAD OF THE POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT.

NEW YORK ELECTION.

The "Decker" Takes the Prize.

A First-Class Place.

Dress Caps and Dressmaking.

Facts for the Ladies.

Caution.

A Splendid Chance.

Elegant Furs.

How is Your Time?

Card.

Confectionery.

Vocal Culture.

For Violin Players and Owners.

Now is Your Time.

MASONIC NOTICES.

DRY GOODS.

139 LAKE-ST.

CLEARANCE SALE OF DRY GOODS

The Cheapest Goods Known Since 1861.

ALL DEPARTMENTS

Goodkind & Mannheimer, 139 LAKE-ST.

CLOAKS AND SUITS.

Cloaks & Suits

A COMPLETE ASSORTMENT

J. B. SHAY

112, 114 & 116 Lake-st.

LYONS VELVET CLOAKS

A SPECIALTY.

At $50.00 Each.
At $60.00 Each.
At $75.00 Each.
At $100.00 Each.

ACCORDING TO STYLE OF TRIMMING.

MILLINERY.

NEW MILLINERY OPENING.

Attention Ladies!

HENRY O'BRIAN,